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Manuel de la Croix-Rouge. By Paul Fauchille, Director of the Revue Générale de Droit International Public, and Nicolas Politis, Professor of International Law at the University of Poitiers, with preface by Professor Renault. Paris: Société Française d'Imprimerie et de Librairie, pp. 195.

Those interested in the history, progress, and present state of development of the Red Cross movement, particularly as exemplified by the several Red Cross conventions down to and including that of October, 1907, will find much of value in this brochure, entirely up to date as it is.

After the graceful preface by Professor Renault, the work contains a very valuable historical introduction tracing the Red Cross movement from its origin growing out of the brochure of Henri Dunant entitled "Un Souvenir de Solférino" and the consequent Genevese Society, following with a discussion of the several conferences and conventions to the present time.

The book takes up in its first part charitable assistance in continental wars under general international law and the several conventions, considering in detail the condition of sick and wounded, sanitary personnel, ambulances, hospitals and other sanitary establishments, discussing also the effect of the distinctive Red Cross flag and sign.

In its second part, it considers the question of charitable assistance in maritime wars, including the rights of hospital ships, sanitary personnel, obligations toward sick, wounded, and shipwrecked — all this with special reference, as before, to international law and the conventions relating to the subject-matter. The annexed documents include all the Red Cross conventions of a general character to date.

Bibliographie du Droit International. Par le Marquis de Olivart, Associate Member of the Institute of International Law. Two volumes. A. Pedone, Paris. 1st volume 1905; 2nd volume 1907.

These two volumes are the beginning of what should prove a valuable addition to the reference library of international law. Necessarily, the editor has omitted some things, and, necessarily, too, there are errors which must exist in any bibliography attempting to cover so long a period of time, and to be so comprehensive in the field chosen by its editor. A glance at the table of contents will show how extensive is the plan of the work. There are four main divisions — public international law, collections and reviews of international law, private and penal inter-